# **British Phycological Society**

# NEWSLETTER

March 1976

The Editor of the <u>Newsletter</u> will be pleased to receive articles, requests, details of meetings and symposia for publication in the <u>Newsletter</u>.

Material should be sent to Ian Tittley, Dept. of Botany, British Museum (Natural History), Cromwell Road, London. SW7 5BD.

It is hoped that the next issue of the Newsletter will be published and distributed during the latter part of this year. The Newsletter will take on a new format, (a page being one half A4 size) and will be lithographed instead of duplicated. It is hoped that this will help save on postage costs.

### SUBSCRIPTIONS

Members are reminded that subscriptions are due on January 31 of each year and should be sent to the Hon. Treasurer, Dr.H.Pearson, Dept. of Botany, University of Liverpool, PO Box 147, Liverpool L69 3BX

Subscription rates are as follows:

Members taking the Journal ... £7.50 (reduced to £5.00 for undergraduates and research students).

Members not taking Journal or retired members ... £2.00

#### CHANGES OF ADDRESS

The Hon. Membership Secretary, Dr.C. Happey-Wood, School of Plant Biology, University College of North Wales, Bangor, Wales, should be informed of any changes in address.

# 25th ANNIVERSARY

1976 Sees the Society achieving its first quarter of a century of existence. A special anniversary winter meeting will be held at Royal Holloway College, (for further details see over).

Number 9

# CONTENTS:

Winter Meeting Jan 1976
Summer Field Meeting 197
Mapping Scheme Report
National Biological. Societies Meeting
A.B.Joly8
Butcheriana9
Requests 3 - 10
County Names 10
Phycology in Argentina
Symposia12 - 14
Summer Meeting
Field Courses
New Members15 - 16
Changes of Address

# BRITIST PEYCOLOGICAL SOCIUTY

# Ewenty-fourth Winter Meeting at Westfield College, 2-3 Jan. 1976

1 chapt

To start a "inter Meeting on the day immediately following Mew Tear's Day can hardly be regarded as very convenient, particularly for those coming from north of the Eveed. Is I mentioned in my report on last year's "inter meeting in the 1975 Tewsletter, we had little choice in the matter due to the timing of the commencement of the University of Jondon term. Tevertheless, 73 members came to stay at Testfield, and with the additional surport of members resident in the London area a total of 105 members were registered for attendance at the 6 sessions of mapers. To were delighted to welcome members from T. America and Turone. In a programme which included 36 papers, and had also to incorporate the 14th A.G.F., there was little time to spare. The first session of 5 papers covered various aspects of the ecology of microbial algae in freshwater and estuarine habitats, and was chaired by Professor P.J. Peterson, Mead of the Department of Rotany and Riochemistry at Mestfield College. It was entirely fitting that the first paper of the session should be one from the host Department, in which Miss R. Micholson described her work on the planktonic inter-relationships in St. James's Park Lake in London. In the second session (chaired by Mifion Fones) attention was turned to ecological studies on macrophytic marine algae. Time papers were given in this session, and it was especially pleasing to hear the four Forth American contributions to this session more particularly the Canadian members (Tony Chapman and Alan Thittick) who had 'cot through' despite their problems with the recent postal strike in Canada, which caused them to use a variety of novel means to comunicate to me their intentions of getting to Testfield College.

Was opened by fill Stewart in the presence of 52 members. This, the annual report on Council's stewardship over the past 12 months, paid particular attention to the financial status of the Society. With the deficit about as predicted at last year's A.C.M. very prominent in all our minds, the justification for the increased numbership subscriptions as from 31 January of this year (as decided at the last A.C.M.) was clearly underlined. It is boned that by containing all expenses as much as possible, and by keeping the Journal regination under control, the inflow of subscriptions in the coming year should render the Society stood at 603, with 57 new members having joined during the year. The inflow of new members was down on that of 1974 and 1973, and may reflect the reduced number of graduate students which has resulted from the cut-backs in research funding in recent years. A matter of concern was seen in the number of numbers with subscriptions still outstanding for 1975 - 111, and shout double the number at the same time last year. Any mathers reading this note who are suddently reminded of not having paid their subscription for 1975 will find the Tor. Freasurer's address listed at the end!

The death of Frof. 1.8. Joly at the early age of 50 was amounced with recret. Prof. Joly's contributions to marine phycology in Prazil are well known to many members, and (as stated by Dr. Ficudo in a latter to the Jociety) Prof. Joly was a merson "whose devoted teaching and research effectively established the cornerstone for the development of phycological studies in Prazil.

It was with great cleasure that the morbers heard the news that liss d. FacFarlanc had been the recimient of three honorary Doctorates, from Arcadia University, the University of Prince Edward Island, and Dalhousie University - truly a record for a morber of the Fociety,

# 26th Tinter Meeting at Westfield College 2 - 3 Jan 1976 Contd:

and a well merited series of recognitions of Dr TacFarlane's contributions to Thycology in Tova Tcotia and Trince Edward Island.

The retiring Ton. Pditor, Fordon Leedale, presented his last report to the Society. The completion of Vol. 10 was announced with the publication of Yo. 4 in December. A continuing flow of good quality papers was announced for Yol. 11. Costs, however, were spiralling, with printing costs likely to be up by 25° next year. A vote of thanks to Gordon for his excellent work on the Sournal over a period of 5 years was duly proposed by Farry Rowell, and passed with acclamation. A vote of thanks to the retiring Rembershop Secretary was also made in the course of the meeting. Dudley Richardson has dealt with this important aspect of the Society's affairs for several years, and with the increasing membership this first contact with the Society calls for symmathetic handling of all enquiries. This unobtrusive service has been much appreciated by Council. In moving the adoption of reports of the executive members, Bill Stewart accorded the thanks of the Society to the officers concerned. Best wishes were also expressed to the new Young Recretary, Chris Yood.

Other features of significance were emphasized with the information that the first part of the Rhodophyta volume was away to press, and in the report on the successful Field Meeting held in the summer at Aberdeen and organized by the Field Meetings Secretary, Martin Wilkinson.

The candlelit Society dinner held in the evening was, as always, a pleasant social occasion attended by members and their quests.

The first session on the second day was devoted to a pamer by reter Dixon on the topic 'Algal growth and the environment'. This stimulating paper days some account of the research interests of the speaker in the past decade, and particularly drew attention to the great scope of studies on algal morphogenesis in relation to field studies - a somewhat neglected and seemingly little favoured topic of research. The application of algal growth studies in environmental pollution problems was also described, with suitable illustrations from inshore studies in California. The second session was one devoted to 'short papers' - none to exceed more than 10 minutes (including questions). Till Stewart chaired this session of 11 papers, with 1 being given by graduate students. The 'spread' of the papers was a wide one, covering aspects of algal ecology and physiology, biochemistry and ultrastructure. This is only the second time in the overall series of inter Reetings that this 'short papers' session has been included, with the specific intention of encouraging the participation of graduate students but certainly not excluding more of session - possibly as an annual event - would be most velcome. The session after lunch, chaired by Fordon Leedale, included eight majors on various aspects of the ultrastructure, cytology and biochemistry of algae.

Tith the marked restriction on timing, spare a thought for Council Members who had to fit two meetings on successive days with 'working lunches' - and for the members of the Marine Algal Flora Committee, who fitted their annual meeting in between the A.G.M. and the Society Dinner.

In conclusion, it is my pleasure to accord the grateful thanks of all members of our Local Secretaries at Westfield College, Peter Way and Brenda Thake, for their most efficient handling of both the preparations beforehand and the organization of affairs during the meeting. Our thanks also to the College Authorities and to Professor Peterson for making hostel and lecture room accommodation available.

# 24th Winter Meeting at Mestfield College 2-3 Jan 1976 Contd 2

As in past years, I conclude my report by drawing the attention of members to the next Winter Feeting, to be held on the 4, 5, and 5 January 1977, at Royal Tolloway Tollege. This is the 25th Annual Meeting of the Society - certainly a special occasion, and one which I hope as many members as possible will attend. So please book these dates now!

# Z.D. ROUTEY

and the state of

# Address of Mon Treasurer:

Dr H. Pearson, Department of Botany, University of Liverpool, FO Box 47, Liverpool 160 3 BW.

# SUMBER FIELD PRETURE AUGUST 1975

Last years field meeting was centred at the University of Aberdeen. A dozen or so phycologists from various institutions in the U.X. were comfortably accommodated in the University halls of residence (together with squads of well-drilled Police-cadets and also multitudes of musicians from all four corners of the Warth, who were participating in an International festival of music!) Excellent laboratory facilities were made available by the Department of Chemistry.

benthic phycologists as in previous years; a large contingent of diatomists investigated a variety of marine and freshwater habitats, some of the latter high in the Cairngorn Mountains. The seaweed group travelled to shores in Panffshire, Aberdeenshire, and Minkardineshire. Sites visited embraced a wide range of habitats including exposed and sheltered marine shores, estuaries and saltmarshes. Infortunately, the deeper infralittoral was not investigated in great detail, a few local volunteer subaqua divers spent a morning cutting off Laminaria byperborea stipes and bringing up boulders and stones with crustose coralline growths; a couple of members of the seaweed group snorkelled in shallow infralittoral, and contributed additional species from this part of the shore. Interesting species records for the Aberdeen area include Suthora cristata, Phyllophora truncata and Bonnemaisonia hamifera; a detailed list will be published in the Er.phycol I.

An innovation to this year's field meeting was the series of evening 'mini lectures' given by members of the group. Martyn Wilkinson described on methods of collecting and examining shell-boring algae; Linda Arvine similarly spoke on dealing with crustose algae, and David Tryine discussed phytogeographical distributions of algae with special reference to the Aberdeen area.

The meeting was rounded off with a visit to the Morrey marine laboratory where we were able to see some of the interesting experimental work on marine animals being undertaken there.

Our thanks to the Field Destine's Secretary, Cartyn Tilkinson and to the local secretary for a well organised week.

# Progress of the Seaweed Distribution Mapping Scheme.

Since its inception in 1971, the scheme has progressed steadily. There are now 230 registered recorders and at least 30 of these submit records regularly. There are also networks of both specialist and regional referees set up to help the collectors.

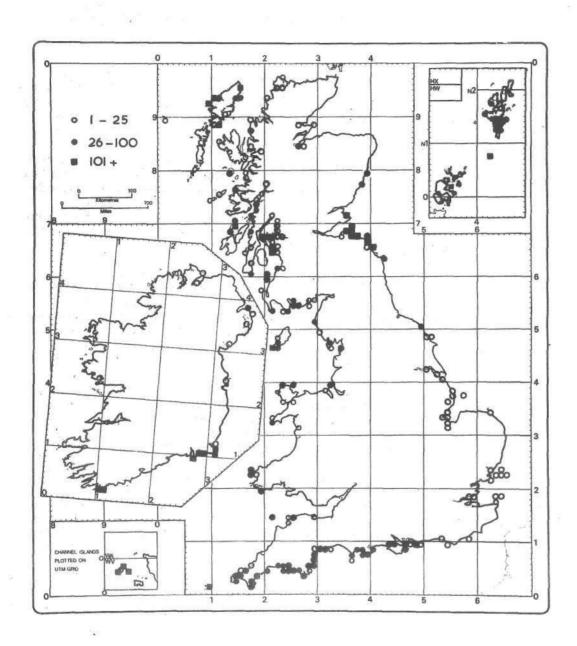
I have received several hundred completed cards and have records for about 23% of all the 10 km squares likely to contain seaweeds (see map). The number of cards received far exceeds the number of squares mapped for often different recorders collect in the same square and even a single collector may send cards for collections from the same square at different times of year or in different years.

Of the squares mapped only about half are adequately recorded if it is assumed that with the exception of species - poor areas such as estuaries and much of the E. coast of England, most squares should contain at least 50 - 100 species of seaweed and many shores on the south and west coasts should support over 100 species. Wales, and especially Ireland, are poorly covered and together account for only 15% of all the cards submitted.

Collectors are undoubtedly inhibited by the appalling dearth of keys and good descriptions suitable for the identification of sea-weeds. Undoubtedly the worst result of this lack would be that the records received might not be correctly identified. To prevent this, voucher specimens are required for difficult or very rare species and specialists check the determinations. In practice however, most recorders restrict their collections to the species that they can identify with certainty. It is also reassuring to note that when two collectors independently submit records for the same locality, they invariably record almost identical lists of species.

I would like to thank all those who have submitted records and to plead for records from the squares that are poorly collected. No doubt many useful lists are lurking in your field notebooks. If you are not yet involved in the scheme, but would like to be, please contact me.

TREVOR A. NORTON



# SEAWEED MAPPING SCHEME

Squares covered and numbers of species recorded for each  $10\mbox{km}$  square.

# MATIONAL BIOLOGICAL SOCIETIES MEETING JUNIPER HALL, DORKING. FEB. 7 1976

Representatives of 25 biological societies, museums and conservation groups participated in a discussion meeting under the chairmanship of Dr F Perring of the Biological Records Centre. Items on the Agenda included:

Red Data Books, society representatives were asked for information on endangered species.

Codes of Conduct, the coastal code, published in 1974 ought to be more widely distributed.

Environmental records centres, Data banks are being established at provincial museums in most counties. At these centres data based on local collections will be collated with data from B.R.C. It was considered important that societies recorders liase with these centres and to this effect, Dr Perring would be distributing a list of addresses of these local centres.

Attention was also drawn to the <u>Endangered Species</u> (<u>Petfood</u>)

<u>Fund</u> where money is still available for survey work into threatened species and habitats. (British Phycologists take note!)

Frank Perring reminded participants that Lt.Col. Clayden (last year's speaker) is still anxious to make contact with Societies and can arrange access to M.o.D. land (which includes considerable stretches of the Dorset, Essex and Lincolnshire coastlines) for biological surveying.

John Heath and Diana Scott reported on the year's activities at the Biological Records Centre, Monks Mood. Mewtetrad, habitat and single species recording cards have now been printed and are available. One atlas has been published this year and several others are currently in an advanced stage of preparation (all deal with insect groups). Although a number of European mapping schemes are now in operation, there are still gaps in European recording, and significantly, in the Cryptogamic groups! (B.P.S. members on both sides of the English Channel and Morth Sea ought to give this further consideration.

During the afternoon session, David Barwick, Head of the Legal and Parliamentary Section, Mature Conservancy Council, G.B. H.O., spoke on 'The implications of the Conservation of Mild Creatures and Mild Plants Act 1975 to members of Fational Biological Societies' Mr. Barwick stated that one of the main aims of the law is to educate the public into wildlife conservation. Certain plants and animals are protected by that act. It is an offence (penalty up to £100) to kill, injure or capture without reasonable excuse 6 species of animals. Twenty-one species of wild plants are protected from picking, uprooting and destruction, while all plants are protected against unauthorised uprooting. The act excludes algae and fungi. Mr. Barwick related that although seaweeds were considered by the by the Committee preparing the act, legal problems concerning the ownership of the foreshore and the sublittoral shore, and also the abundance of considerable amounts of drift weed (hence the difficulty in proving a plant was deliberately 'uprooted') necessitated their exclusion from the Act. However, the N.C.C. are at present reviewing their coastal policy, and are formulating ideas on the conservation of marine flora and faunce.

The meeting was closed with a short paper by Frank Perring on the implication of changes in names and boundaries of local authority areas. We advocated the continuing use of the "atson vice-county system as biological census areas.

<sup>\*</sup> B.P.S. represented by Mrs.J.Poore (freshwater) and Mr. Ian Tittley (marine).

# AYLTHOM B JOLY (1924-1975)

s pare play

It is with the deepest regret that we must report the untimely death of Dr Aylthon B. Joly in São Paulo, Brazil. After a short fight with cancer that began earlier this year, Dr Joly died at the age of 50 on August 29. He was Full Professor and Chairman of the Department of Botany at the University of São Paulo where he spent the greater part of his professional career. It was here that he received the B.S. in 1945 and the Ph.D in 1950. His training in phycology was acquired during 1951 and 1952 when he worked with Dr William R Taylor at the University of Michigan in Ann Arbor.

Dr Joly will be remembered here as the one professor whose devoted teaching and research effectively established the cornerstone for the development of phycological studies in Brazil. Throughout this pioneering work he published no less than 60 articles on algae. We would like to think, however, that this impressive contribution to our knowledge of Brizilian sea-weeds will one day be surpassed in significance by his tireless and patient efforts as a teacher. Thile this final testament has yet to be finished, his students are now actively working in Brazil as well as in Argentina, Chile and Mexico.

In 1972 Dr Joly turned his attention to the study of Phanerogams in which he initiated an intensive program concerning all aspects of the native negetation found throughout the Serra do cipo, in the Brazilian State of Minas Gerais. The results of this new ambitious project must now regrettably be finished without him. At the time of his death, Dr Joly was finishing a general book on economic botany. The final draft of this book is fortunately complete and will be published some time in the future.

Dr Joly will be missed by those who knew him and on behalf of all these many people, the Brazilian phycologists extend their deepest sympathy to his family and mother in their loss.

> Carlos F.M. Bicudo Instituto de Botanica Caixa postal, 4005 01000 - Sao Paulo, SP-BRASIL

#### MARINE FLORA OF KENT

In conjunction with the Kent Field Club, we are currently preparing a set of species distribution maps (approx 250) of the marine algae of Kent. Mapping is on a 5km grid system; brief distribution and habitat details will be given for each species.

The authors would like to estimate the interest of Society members in purchasing copies at an estimated total cost of £3.50. Please contact either author if interested.

Ian Tittley & James, H Price

# BUTCHERIANA - A MOTE AND A REQUEST

The Culture Centre of Algae and Protozoa at Cambridge has now completed the incorporation of R. T. Butcher's cultures.

In the course of his work at Burnham on Crouch, Butcher isolated something in the region of a thousand strains of planktonic algae from the shores, estuaries and salt marshes of Britain. The aim was to provide a taconomic survey of all the algae likely to be useful as food for shell fish and other marine animals of economic importance. As it turned out, this was far too great a task for any one man but he did publish a considerable number of new species and when he retired he left behind most of the strains of new species and many others as yet unidentified. About five thousand strains were maintained for a time at Westfield College, London, until the Cambridge laboratory was built and ready to accept them. Allthese have now been checked; some had to be rejected as containing nothing resembling the name on the tube or of any value. Some contained more than one kind of organism, some still do, in some cases because they were found to be just stages of the one species.

As well as the cultures, CCAP has acquired custody of various items relating to them.

- a) Five large note books of Butcher's, chiefly containing pastedin photographs of Chrysophyceae and Haptophyceae.
- b) A bundle of 6" x 4" cards with electron micrographs stuck on.
- c) Many loose photomicrographs and electron micrographs.
- d) A few loose pages of notes.
- e) A booklet recording those cultures sent to other workers while the Butcher collection was at Mestfield.

As will be noticed when reading our next List of Strains, we do not have full information on several strains. If anyone has any information to fill the gaps, I would be most grateful to have it - preferably Butcher's original notes or photographs of them.

E.A.George Culture Centre of Algae & Protozoa 36 Storey's Cay Cambridge, CB3 ODT · 三张文字 (Hobeld

#### REQUESTS

1) Marine Flora of Cornwall

Mesars; Price (BMNH, LONDON) and Boalch (MBA, PLYMOUTH) request records of rare or unusual algal species for Cornwall.

2) Epiphytic Corallinaceae.

Mrs. Yvonne Butler Portsmouth Polytechnic Marine Laboratory Ferry Road Hayling I. Poll ODG

requests material of Moiohytic Crustose Corallinaceae.

3) Dr Dieter Mollenhauer Forschungsinstitut Senkenberg Aussenstelle Lochmuelle D- 6465 Biebergemuend 3 Federal Republic of Germany.

Dr Mollenhauer has recently taken on the task of writing a chapter dealing with 'Systematics and Phylogony of the Algae' for the book 'Progress in Botany' and requests reprints of papers on taxonomic, systematic, phylogenetic and geobotanical topics for reviewing in the course of preparation of this work.

#### OLD AND NEW COUNTY NAMES - WHICH OR BOTH?

In the past the Society (B.S.B.I.) has, in its publications, used both vice-county names and the names of the administrative counties. This has worked well enough although inevitably there is sometimes confusion between the two and it hasn't always been clear to us, as editors, which name is more appropriate in a particular instance. As a rule we have used vice-county names when citing detailed distributions and particulars of individual specimens and records, while the county names are used in a more general sense, e.g. Plants with more compact inforescences occur on the coasts of Devon and Cornwall.

Britain, many of the old familiar names have in theory disappeared and we feel that the Society must decide which of the following alternatives it wishes to adopt in its publications. In addition to vice-county names (suitably abbreviated where possible) we can use either both old and new county names or only the new names.

# a) Old and new names co-existing

This has the usual advantage of a compromise. Most of us (the Telsh excepted) would no doubt continue to use the old names and the inevitable transition would probably take 10 to 20 years. On the other hand three sets of names would be very confusing, especially for foreign readers and editors, uncertain to which administrative name the author really intended. We could have Walney Island variously referred to as Furness (V.C.69b), Westmorland V.C.(69), Lancashire or Cumbria, and there are three versions of East and West Sussex which are all different.

# b) New names only

This has the virtue of tidiness and clarity. However many of the new county names cover such a large area that they would be of limited use. This is particularly true in Scotland where the Highland Region extends from Morvern to Caithness.

Personally we are in favour of the second of these alternatives but if it is decided to operate the first, we should like to recommend strongly that announcements and reports of field meetings should be standardised using only the vice-county and new county names, the latter in parenthesis, e.g. Bettyhill, W.Sutherland (Highland Region).

(Reprinted by permission of the B.S.B.I.).

### REQUESTS: Contd

Dr. G.F. Leedale, Department of Plant Sciences, University of Leeds, Leeds. LS2 9JT.

Requests reprints on algal cytology for reviewing in the chapter 'Morphology and Morphogenisis c'algal cells in 'Progress in Botany'

# CHECKLIST.

A "Check-list of the British Marine Algae - Third Revision" has been prepared by Drs Parke and Dixon, and will be published in the Journal of the Marine Biological Association. Reprints will be available for purchase during Summer 1976.

These and other reprints offered for sale by the Society are chtainable from Dr J C Green, Marine Biological Association, Flymouth.

# BENTHIC MARINE PHYCOLOGY IN ARGENTINA 1974 - 1975

We spent October 1974 - March 1975 inclusive in Argentina, where JHP held a Royal Society Latin American Exchange Fellowship with Dr. S.A. Guarrera at the University of La Plata. During that time, thanks to facilities provided by CONICET (Consej) Nacional De Investigaciones Cientificas y Tecnicas) and the administration of the projected Flora de Tierra del Fuego, visits were made to institutions ranging from the Universidad de Juju in the north, to the Estacion de Biologia Marina Austral, Ushmaia, Tierra del Fuego in the south. Benthic marine research takes, as elsewhere, several forms in Argentina, although currently the strongest line concerns resources and exploitation of the larger brown seaweeds, especially Macrocystis. In terms of fieldwork, the only geographical areas of significance to the above lie in Patagonia, from the area of Peninsula Valdez southwards; along the coasts of the semi-desert of central Patagonia, the potential resources are very considerable, in places rivalling the situation in parts of the Falkland Islands. Locally, this is even more the further south where, as in the Ria Deseado, the environmental regimes are also closer to those of the Falklands. Work has been carried out in the past on the resources of the Deseado area by the various investigations attached to INTI (Centro de Biologia Marina, director Dr.O.Kuhnemann; stations at Puerto Deseado (Zizich) and Ushmaia (Medina); investigations now or previously, Kuhnemann, de Halperin, Asensi (currently in Paris), Boraso, Piriz, Mendoza and various biochemists, the latter working principally in the University of Buenos Aires). The general benthic ecology of the Ria Deseado was described by Kuhnemann (1971) and de Halperin (1967); much systematic work was carried out by Asensi (many papers), and others mentioned above; and the distribution of certain important genera (Macrocystis; Lessonia, Durvillea, Gogartina, Ulva, Porphyra etc.) has been mapped on a site presence absence basis along the whole coastline from north of Peninsula Valdez to the east coast of Tierra del Fuego. (de Halperin, Asansi and Boraso, 1973). Exploitation of the various algae concerned has been the subject of comment in papers by many of the above workers, although their major fields of research are ecology (Kuhnemann); Cyanophyta (de Halperin); systematics of Chlorophyta (Boraso); systematics of Phodophyta (Mendoza - Corallinaceae; Firiz - Porphyra); systematics of Phaeophyta (Asonsi) quantitive, qualitive and mapping methods in intertidal sublittoral ecology (Boraso; Hall). Undoubtedly one of the currently most vigorous centres of ecological and resources research is the independently administered Centro Nacional Patagonico, Puerto Madryn, Patagonia, where Martin Hall (see above) now is primarily responsible for organizing aerial surveys (by conventional and infra-red photogrammetry) of virtually the whole of the Patagonia coast, including possibly the Isla de Tierra del Fuego. The director of the Centro (Dr.Pizarro) is principally a biochemist, but has built up an enthusiastic team working on many fields of biochemical, botanical, ecological and zoological research in areas along the coast of The Centro is relatively well equipped having excellent Patagonia. provisions for transport and underwater research. This area is one of the major Argentine centres for the latter as a sport, additionally, so there is usually no lack of interested helpers. In any case, the Centro employs two very experienced professional divers who carry out, with scientific members, whatever underwater work is necessary to further in situ investigations on the Macrocystis beds as a buildup on the preliminary aerial reconnaissance data. The latter surveys, incidentally, are achieved by the very good co-operation of the Fuerze Aerea. Argentina, working from the nearby (Trelew) Base Aero-Naval. Hall currently has in press and in preparation a series of papers on the methods employed and the results obtained during this work on Macrocystis.

Argentina clearly has vast natural resources in terms of commercially important benthic seaweeds, as in almost every other natural commodity. The aim of better organisation in exploitation of those resources internally has been the intention behind most of the recent work. Hitherto, Argentina has been one of the larger exporters of the raw algal material to countries such as Japan, where

#### BENTHIC MARINE PHYCOLOGY IN ARGENTINA 1074-5 Contd.

processing has been carried out. It is to be hoped that the current instabilities in the political (well known) and financial (inflation in Argentina in 1975 ran at about an admitted 350%, at that, rather less than all other South American counties except for Brazil) situations do not result in the loss of productive scientists and the supervision of promising lines of pure and applied benthic macro algal research.

# J.H. & S.M. PRICE

# SYMPOSIA & MEETINGS.

0.17/15/- 5

#### EDINBURGH, SCOTLAND.

A joint symposium organised by the Botanical Scoiety of Edinburgh and the Institute of Biology 'Oil and its biological implications' will take place at the Heriot Watt University during September 1976. A full programme will be distributed as soon as possible.

#### LONDON, ENGLAND.

A join symposium organised by the Linnaean Society and the Institute of Biology will be held at the Royal Geographical Scoiety on 23 and 24 September 1976.

The symposium will be dealing with the unexpected side effects of the use of pesticides during the last three years when they have been used in Agricultural Forestry, Medicine and Water Management. Further details from the Institute of Biology, 41 Queens Gate, London.

# ENVIRONMENTAL SEMINARS

The W.S. Atkins (Research & Development) Group will be holding half-day seminars in Swansea (May 4), Bristol (May 5) and London (the week 4 - 8 Oct) covering a variety of subjects which include air and water pollution. Further details from R.A. Waller, Atkins Research and Development, Woodcote Grove, Epsom, Surrey KT17 5BW, England.

# IXth INTERNATIONAL SEAWEED SYMPOSIUM

Santa Barbara, California, August 1977.

Members wishing to be placed on the mailing list for circulars should write to: The Secretariat, IXth International Seaweed Symposium, Marine Science Institute, University of California, Santa Barbara, California 93106, USA.

# PUBLICATION

Underwater Research
Edited by E.A.Drew, J.N.Lythgoe and J.D. Woods.
Published by Academic Press
440pp £14.00 \$ 34.75 0.12.22

# LITERATURE

Photocopies of publications may be obtained from the Photocopying Service, British Museum (Natural History), Cromwell Road, London. SW7 5BD., at the rate of one sheet for £0.05p. Orders should be sent to the Museum who will obtain the book, despatch the photocopies and invoice.

#### SYMPOSIA & MEETINGS

B.P.S. SUMMER FIELD MEETING 1976, GALLOWAY (SCOTLAND - WEST COAST).

The summer field-meeting will be centred on Stranraer (Dumfries and Galloway), Scotland, during the week July 3 - 10, 1976. Laboratory facilities have been arranged at a local school, and accommodation is available at hotels and guest-houses in the area.

Those interested in participating please contact:-

Dr M Wilkinson Dept of Brewing and Biological Sciences Heriott- att University Chambers St Edingurgh EH1 1HX Scotland

.... and indicate whether or not transport from Strangaer to the collecting sites is required ( a mini-bus can be hired for the week).

#### TAXONOMY OF THE BLUE-GREFT ALGAE

A symposium initiated by the Systematics Association on the taxonomy of blue-green algae will be held in Durham from the 17 - 20 August 1976, and any member of the British Phycological Society would be most welcome to attend. Papers presented at the meeting will deal both with the differing fundamental approaches to the taxonomy of these organisms, and also how to help those with the practical problem of providing names for field and other materials.

A fixed charge, of £33. will be made to everyone attending the meeting, this charge covering accommodation for the nights of 17, 18, 19, & 20 August, meals and all other incidental expenses.

Further information may be obtained from Dr B.A. Whitton, Department of Botany, South Road, Durham (England). AND TO THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PART

# DIATOM SYMPOSIUM

4th Symposium on Recent and Fossil Marine Diatoms will be arranged by Department of Marine Biology and Limnology, University of Oslo, Morway, 30 August - 3 September 1976. Scientists working in the fields of ecology, biostratigraphy, and taxonomy of marine diatoms are invited to attend the symposium and to present papers or demonstrate their work in a poster session. Size of the meeting and number of papers included in the programme may have to be limited. The deadline for preliminary registration and submission of titles of contributed papers and demonstrations is 10 December 1975.

For further information write to Dr G.R. Hasle, Department of Marine Biology and Limnology, Section of Marine Botany, University of Oslo, P.O.Box 1069 Blindern, Oslo 3, Norway.

11th EUROPEAN SYMPOSIUM ON MARINE BIOLOGY, GALWAY, 5 - 11 OCTOBER, 1976

Aspects of Biology of Benthic Marine Organisms, to be held at the University College, Galway.

Titles of proposed papers to be submitted by April 1 1976

For further details apply to: Symposium Office, Biology Dept.

University College

Galway Ireland.

#### COURSES.

July 12 - 21 Marine Phycology

Further details from:

Drs G.T.Boalch & J.C.Green

1 -6-2 4-6

The Laboratory Citadel Hill Plymouth. PLl 2EB.

Closing date for applications March 1 1976.

# SUMMER COURSE AT WOODS HOLE

Students will be accepted into a tutorial program in COMPARATIVE BIOLOGY AND BIOCHEMISTRY OF ALGAE scheduled from June 21 to August 1, 1976 at the Marine Biological Laboratory, Woods Hole, MA 02543, to acquaint them with the organisms and the types of questions they can be used to answer. A series of co-ordinated seminars by experts in algal physiology, biochemistry, genetics, development, ecology, macro, micro and molecular morphology and related subjects with evolution serving as the unifying concept serves to introduce problems of current importance and future potention while the laboratory provides lectures, projects and field experience in the taxonomy, morphology and ecology of algal groups, enrichment of microalgae, and experimental work on the physiology, biochemistry and development of individual organisms. Several scholarships will be awarded based on talent and need. Catalogs and applications can be obtained from MBL (address above) and should be returned to the Laboratory together with supporting materials by March 15 1976.

# FIELD STUDIES ASSOCIATION COURSES.

Among the many courses offered, the following may be of interest to students and amateurs.

DALE FORT CENTRE. Marine Ecology and Coastal Management

By Dr A.J. Green 28 July - 4 August

FLATFORD MILL CENTRE Freshwater Biology

By G. Abbot 4 - 11 August

MALHAM TARN CENTRE Freshwater Algae

By Dr A Pentecost 14 - 21 July

ORIELTON FIELD CENTRE Marine Plants

By Dr W.E.Jones 28 July - 4 August

Exploring Rocky Shores

By R.G.Cramp 28 July - 4 August

Courses on Marine Biology & Ecology & Underwater photography for Scuba Divers are also available. For further details apply to Field Centre

Wardens or to: Information Office
Preston Montford
Montford Bridge
Shrewsbury SY4 1HW

# NEW MEMBERS - JAN 31 1976

Bates, Vernon M. Jr. Baynes Mr S.M. B.Sc., M.Sc

Birkbeck, Thomas E.,

Brocksen, Jan,

Brown, Murray

Button, Kenneth S.,

Farnot-Cardoso, Mrs.

Fischer, Dr Hermann Prof.

Friedrich, Gunther Dr.

Gluck, Alan

Handke, Kurt

Hansen, Gayle I.,

Gerwick, William H.

Holland, Dr Richard D.,

Hoagland, Kyle Dr.,

Kristiensen, Aane. Mrs.,

Ladha, J.K.Shri.,

Lambe, Dr. Eugene

Lane, Mary R.

Magruder, William

McConnel, Bernard B.Sc.,

McGrory, Miss Cecilia B.,

Morris, G.J. Dr.,

Moore, J.A. Mrs.,

Mowat, Dr.J.A. (Mrs)

Acosta, Prof. Juan P . Museo de Historia Natural 'Javier Prado" Universidad Nacional Mayor de San Marcos Av. Arenales 1256, Apartado 1109,

P # 92-603

Lima - Peru.

2977 Getwell Road, Tennessee 38118.USA. 67 Keswick Road, Cringleford.Norwich

NB4 60U

Botany Department, Miami University,

Oxford. Ohio 45056 USA.

Susswasser Freshwater Invertebrate and Algal Analyses, P.O.Box 1255, Paso Robles

California 93446 USA

11 Albany Park, St. Mary's Street,

St. Andrews, Fife.

College of Biological Sciences, The Ohio State University, 1735 Neil Avenue,

Colombus, Ohio, 43210. USA

c/o Prof. N.R.Butler, Dept. of Child

Health, Royal Hospital for Sick

Children, St. Michael's Hill. Bristol. 2. Botanisches Institut der Universitat,

D 53 Bonn 1, Meckenheimer Allee 170,

Germany.

415 Krefeld-Hulserberg, AmWoldwinkel 70

Germany.

217 Riverside Avenue, Santa Cruz,

California 95060 USA.

D-2131 Ottingen 47, Federal Rep. of

Germany.

Department of Botany, University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill. N.C. 27514.

USA.

5874 Margarido Drive, Oakland

CA 94618. USA

Hart-Jones, Barbara Ms. M.Sc Botany Department, Birbeck College, Malet

Street, London. WCLE 7HX

Biology Department, Livingston University

Livingston, Alabama 35470. USA

Department of Life Sciences, Oldfather Hall, University of Nebraska, Lincoln,

Mebraska 65808. USA

Institut for Sporplanter, Oster

Farmiagsgade 2 D, 1353 Copenhagen K,

Denmark.

Botany Department, Benaras Hindu

University, Varanasi-5, India.

Department of Botany, University College

Galway, Bire.

c/o Department of Biology, Frostburg .

State College, Frostburg, Maryland

21532. USA

University of Hawaii, Dept. of Botany,

3190 Maile Way, Honolulu, Hawaii

96822 USA.

c/o Craig Mair, Marine Science Labs, Menai Bridge, Anglesey, Cymru.

N103 Botany Dept., University of

Birmingham, Edgbaston, Birmingham B15 2TT The Culture Centre of Algae & Protozoa,

36 Storey's Way, Cambridge CB3 ODT

Millbank, J.W., B.Sc., Ph.D., Botany Department, Imperial College,

London. SV7 2AZ. Botany Dept., British Museum (Natural

History) Cromwell Road, London, SW7 5BD. Dept. of Agriculture & Fisheries,

Marine Laboratory, 2.0.Box 101, Victoria Rd, Torry, Aberdeen AB9 8DB

# NEW MEMBERS Contd.

Munda, Dr Ivka Maria Naugler, Martha Nyberg, Harry V. M.Sc.,

Pearlmutter, Nina

Roth, William C., Reid, Mrs. S.M.

MAN W. T. Ph.D.,

····..... , Sandgren, Craig D., Seeliger, Ulrich, Shevlin, Dennis B.S., Sykes, J.B. B.Sc., Ph.D.,

B.Sc.,

Uwate, Walt.J., Wells, GordonL. M.S.

Biol Institute, Slovene Academy of Science & Arts, Ljubljana, Jugoslavia. Botany Dept., Ohio State University, Colombus, Ohio 43210. USA. Dept. of Botany, University of Helsinki, Unioninkatu 44, SF-00170 Helsinki 17 Finland. 3584 Greenacres Drive, Lafayette. Indiana 47905. USA Pienaar, Prof. R.N. Department of Botany & Microbiology, University of Witwaterstrand, Jan Smuts Avenue, Johannesburg. S. Africa. Richards, Martin C. B.Sc., 11 Tan-y-bryn Terrace, Lonpobty, Bangor, Gwynedd. North Wales. Conrad Building; FSU, Tallahassee, Florida 32306, USA Dept. of Agriculture & Fisheries, Marine Laboratory, P.O.Box 101, Victoria Road. Aberdeen AB9 8DB. Rodgers, George Alan, B.Sc., Institute of Physiological Botany of the University of Uppsala, S-751 21 Uppsala, Sweden. Friday Harbour Laboratories, Friday Harbour, Washington 98250 USA. Dept. of Botany, Rutgers University, New Brunswick, New Jersey 08903. USA Department of Botany, University of California, Berkeley, Calif. 94720 USA. Dept. of Education, Manchester Polytechnic, Chester Street, Manchester M15GD Terry, Lynne Alyson (Miss) Dept. of Plant Biology, Ridley Building, University of Newcastle-ugon-Tyne. Newcaslte. NE7 7RV. Dept. of Botany, University of California, Davis. CA95616. USA. Florida Keys Community College,

Key West, Florida, 33040 USA.

#### CHANGES OF ADDRESS - DEC. 1975

Allender, B.M.,

Armitage, Brian J. Dr.,

Arneson, Ronald D.,

Bayes, Stephen

Bonamomi, Peter L.

Borowitzka, Michael A.,

Chansang, Hansa Dr.;

Cheney; Donald P. Dr.;

Dawson, Penelope A.,

Durairatnam, Dr. M.

Floyd, Dr. Gary L

Earle, Dr. S.A.

Ganesan Dr. E.K.

Garbary, David.,

Gardiner, William E.

Goldon-Mills, Elizabeth,

Heaney S.J.,

Horner, Dr. Rita A.,

Knutson, Dr.K.M.,

Lennos Mrs. S.J. (nee Garrett.

Lewin, Dr. Joyce

Markey, Donald R.,

McAllister, Hugh A., B.Sc., Ph.D.,

Meeks Dr. J.C.,

Munda, Dr. Ivka

Nicholson, Dr. Nancy.,

Ott, F.D.,

Olrik, Kirsten Plotz, Dr. Jurgan

Postek, Michael T.,

Botany Dept., University of Rhode Island, Kingston, Rhode Island 02881 USA

TVA Biothermal Res. Lab., Box 2000, Decatur

Alabama. 35601, USA

P.O.Box 333, Northbrook, Illinois 60062,

USA

Fisheries Laboratory, Pakefield Road,

Lowestoft, Suffolk NR33 ORT.

Dept. of Natural Sciences, Castleton State College, Castleton, Vermont 05735

USA

Scripps Institution of Oceanography,

La Jolla, Ca. 92037 USA.

30 Sol Arisumpun 11, Rama 6 Road,

Bangkok 4, Thailand.

Jackson Esturine Laboratory, University of New Hampshire, Durham, N.H. 03824 USA c/o Walter, 144 Cooper Avenue, Upper

Montclair, New Jersey 07043. USA. Director, Research & Development, CIA ALGIMAR Industrias Quimicas de

Alginatos, Estrada de Redinha s/h,

Caixa Postal, 517. Natal-RN-BRASIL. Botany Dept. Ohio State University,

Columbus, Ohio 43210 USA.

California Academy of Sciences, San Francisco, California 94118. USA Has now returned to his address at

Cumana, Venezuela.

Dept. of Botany, University of Liverpool,

P.O.Box 147 Liverpool L69 3BX.

Botany Dept., University of Rhode Island,

Kingston, Rhode Island 02881. USA Dept. of Botany, The University of

Adelaide, Adelaide, South Australia 5001

Australia.

Harwood P.R., B.Sc., M.I.Biol. 1 Chater Road, Oakham, Rutland. LE15 6RY F.B.A. Windermere Laboratory, The Ferry House, Ambleside, Westmoreland. LA22 OLP. Dept of Oceanography, WB-10, University of Washington, Seattle, Washington 98195

> Dept of Biology, St.Cloud State University, St. Cloud, Minnesota 56301.

USA.

Dept. of Marine Biology, U.C.N.N. Menai Bridge, Gwynedd. LL59 JEH.

P.O.Box 185, Friday Harbour, Washington

98250. USA

Dept. of Biological Sciences, University of Illinois at Chicago Circle, College of

Liberal Arts & Sciences, Box 4348,

Chicago, Illinois. 60680 USA. University of Liverpool Botanic Gardens,

Ness, Neston Wirral. Merseyside. L64 4AY. MSU/ERDA Plant Research Laboratory,

Michigan State University, East Lansing, Michigan 43823, USA.

Biologische Anstalt Helfoland,

Meeresstation Helgoland, 2192 Helgoland.

Western College, Miami University, Oxford, Ohio 45056 USA.

Biology Dept., Texas A & M University,

College Station, Texas 77483 USA.

11 Agern Alle, DK-2970 Horsholm, Denmark.

4506 HAGEN a.T.W., Wilopstr. 21. ..

Fed. Rep. of Germany.
Dept. of Botany, Louisiana State University

Baton, Rouge, Louisiana 70803 USA

# CHANGES OF ADDRESS - DEC 1975 Contd.

Reynolds, Dr. C.S.

. .

Rusanowski P.C.,

Soudek, Mr. Dusan

Sullivan, Dr. M.J.,

Stowe, Dr. Wilmer C

W. Array

Thein U.Min

Thomsen, Hêlge A.,

Tupa Dr. Dianna O.

Van Landingham Dr. Sam L.

Wheeler, J.H.,

Wood , Gavin-

Young, J.R.,

Zoto, George A.,

Freshwater Biological Assoc., The Ferry House, Far Sawrey, Ambleside

Cumbria LA22 OLP

Environmental Analysts Inc., 224 Seventh Street, Garden City, New York

11530. USA

Dept of Briany, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Manitoba R3T 2N2 Canada.

Botany Dept., P.O.Drawer, B.D.

Mississipi State University, Mississipi ...

39762. USA

1711 8th Street, Lake Charles, Louisiana 70601 USA

Department of Marine Biology, Moulmein

College, Moulmein. Burma

Københavns Universitat, Institut for

Sporeplanter, Ø Farimagsgade 2D DK-1353 København K, Denmark.

831-B North Meadows Drive, Austin, Texas 78758 USA.

3741 Woodsong Drive, Cincinnati, Ohio

45239, USA.

Manager, Biology Lab. Services, Wapora

Inc., Rural Route 2, Charleston, Illinois 61920 USA 20 Clubbe Crescent, MacGregor, Canberra

ACT 2615, Australia. 36 Birch Street, Greenfield, Mass 02301

3411 Elm Drive, La Crosse, Wisconsin

54601, USA.

# RESIGNATIONS

Brown, Thomas E.

Fensholt, Dr D.

Gorkam, Dr. H.J. van

Mener, Ernari G. · State State -

Atlantic Community College, Mays Landing, New Jersey 08330. USA. 2404 Loring Street, San Diego, Calif.

92109. UEA.

Washington, USA.

ere vertica. Joly, Dr. A.B. (Brazil).

August 1975.

Lund, Dr. S.,

April 1974.

Menez Dr. E.G. (Washington)

Brifish Phycological Society Newsletter No. 9, edited by Ian Tittley, c/o British Museum (Natural History), Cromwell Road, London SW7 5BD, and duplicated at the B.M. (N.H.).